TRIGONOMETRY LAWS AND IDENTITIES

TANGENT IDENTITIES	RECIPROCAL IDENTITIES	
$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$ $\cot \theta = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$	$\csc \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta}$ $\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta}$ $\cot \theta = \frac{1}{\tan \theta}$	$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{\csc \theta}$ $\cos \theta = \frac{1}{\sec \theta}$ $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{\cot \theta}$
EVEN/ODD IDENTITIES	DOUBLE ANGLE IDENTITIES	
$\sin(-\theta) = -\sin\theta$	$\sin(2\theta) = 2\sin\theta\cos\theta$	
$\cos(-\theta) = \cos\theta$	$\cos(2\theta) = \cos^2\theta - \sin^2\theta$	
$\tan(-\theta) = -\tan\theta$	$= 2\cos^2\theta - 1$	
$\csc(-\theta) = -\csc\theta$	$= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \theta$	
$\sec(-\theta) = \sec \theta$ $\cot(-\theta) = -\cot \theta$	$\tan(2\theta) = \frac{2\tan\theta}{1-\tan^2\theta}$	
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PYTHAGOREAN IDENTITIES		
$\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1$		
$\tan^2\theta + 1 = \sec^2\theta$		
$\cot^2\theta + 1 = \csc^2\theta$		
HALF ANGLE IDENTITIES		
$\sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos\theta}{2}}$		
$\cos\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1+\cos\theta}{2}}$		
$\tan\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos\theta}{1 + \cos\theta}}$		

PERIODIC IDENTITIES

$$\sin(\theta + 2\pi n) = \sin\theta$$

$$\cos(\theta + 2\pi n) = \cos\theta$$

 $\tan(\theta + \pi n) = \tan\theta$

 $\csc(\theta + 2\pi n) = \csc\theta$

$$\sec(\theta + 2\pi n) = \sec\theta$$

$$\cot(\theta + \pi n) = \cot\theta$$

LAW OF COSINES

LAW OF SINES

 $\frac{\sin\alpha}{a} = \frac{\sin\beta}{b} = \frac{\sin\gamma}{c}$

LAW OF TANGENTS

$$a^{2} = b^{2} + c^{2} - 2bc \cos \alpha$$
$$b^{2} = a^{2} + c^{2} - 2ac \cos \beta$$
$$c^{2} = a^{2} + b^{2} - 2ab \cos \gamma$$

PRODUCT TO SUM IDENTITIES

$$\sin \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta)]$$
$$\cos \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) + \cos(\alpha + \beta)]$$
$$\sin \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)]$$
$$\cos \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) - \sin(\alpha - \beta)]$$

SUM/DIFFERENCES IDENTITIES

 $\sin(\alpha \pm \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta \pm \cos \alpha \sin \beta$ $\cos(\alpha \pm \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta \mp \sin \alpha \sin \beta$ $\tan(\alpha \pm \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha \pm \tan \beta}{1 \mp \tan \alpha \tan \beta}$

SUM TO PRODUCT IDENTITIES
$\sin \alpha + \sin \beta = 2 \sin \left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \cos \left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right)$
$\sin \alpha - \sin \beta = 2 \cos \left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \sin \left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right)$
$\cos \alpha + \cos \beta = 2 \cos \left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \cos \left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right)$
$\cos \alpha - \cos \beta = -2 \sin \left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \sin \left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right)$

MOLLWEIDE'S FORMULA

$$\frac{a+b}{c} = \frac{\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(\alpha-\beta)\right]}{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\gamma\right)}$$

$\frac{a-b}{a+b} = \frac{\tan\left[\frac{1}{2}(\alpha-\beta)\right]}{\tan\left[\frac{1}{2}(\alpha+\beta)\right]}$ $\frac{b-c}{b+c} = \frac{\tan\left[\frac{1}{2}(\beta-\gamma)\right]}{\tan\left[\frac{1}{2}(\beta+\gamma)\right]}$

$$\frac{a-c}{a+c} = \frac{\tan\left[\frac{1}{2}(\alpha-\gamma)\right]}{\tan\left[\frac{1}{2}(\alpha+\gamma)\right]}$$

COFUNCTION IDENTITIES

$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right) = \cos\theta$$
$$\csc\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right) = \sec\theta$$
$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right) = \cot\theta$$
$$\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right) = \sin\theta$$
$$\sec\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right) = \csc\theta$$
$$\cot\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right) = \tan\theta$$

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